

# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF CO IME United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION	
09/843,809 04/30/2001		Jean-Luc Taurel	109419	9965	
25944	7590 09/10/2004		EXAM	EXAMINER	
OLIFF & BERRIDGE, PLC			CHAMBERS, A MICHAEL		
P.O. BOX 19	928				
ALEXANDI	RIA, VA 22320		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3753		

DATE MAILED: 09/10/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•	
~	

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/843,809	TAUREL ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	A. Michael Chambers	3753				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeariod for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	e correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	I 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be by within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) of will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fro to, cause the application to become ABANDO	timely filed lays will be considered timely, om the mailing date of this communication, NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	) Responsive to communication(s) filed on					
2a)⊠ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)☐ This	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	•					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-6 and 9-31 is/are pending in the ap	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6 and 9-31</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) <u>1-6 and 9-31</u> is/are rejected.	) Claim(s) <u>1-6 and 9-31</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
0) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attached Offic	ce Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
•	n niority under 25 LLS C & 110	(a) (d) ar (f)				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Burea	ts have been received. Is have been received in Applicativity documents have been recei	ation No				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
222 2						
Attachment(s)						
1) D Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summa	iry (PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail	Date				
<ol> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)</li> <li>Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ol>	6)  Other:	I Patent Application (PTO-152)				

Application/Control Number: 09/843,809 Page 2

Art Unit: 3753

### **DETAILED ACTION**

This action is in response to an amendment filed June 24, 2004. A request for reconsideration filed February 17, 2004, an interview on March 5, 2004, and Applicants'

Separate Record of Personal interview filed March 8, 2004 have previously been considered. In view of request for reconsideration, the election requirement was withdrawn. Claims 7 and 8 have previously been cancelled. Claims 1 and 27 have been amended. Claims 1-6 and 9-31 are pending.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 1-6 and 9-26 and 31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by the previously cited patent to Shibao. In their request for reconsideration and the interview applicants stated that the previously applied patents to Umetsu et al and Kimura et al do not show "...an integrally molded pump compartment (to one of the two tank portions) which comprise the tank..." and the "...pump is not entirely within the shell of the tank." The recitation of the limitation integrally(integral) is "...sufficient broad to embrace constructions united by such means as fastening and welding" -In re Hotte (CCPA) 177 USPQ 326; "...is not necessarily restricted to one-piece article" -In re Kohno (CCPA) 157 USPQ 275; and "...although they are not structurally integral, since wall and housing are rigidly secured and hence are integral in functional sense." -In re Clark (CCPA) 102 USPQ 241. Shibao clearly

Art Unit: 3753

shows a fuel tank having an exterior shell (Figure 2) made of two tank portions 5 and 4. A pump 7 is entirely within the shell of the tank. Shibao disclose that the tank is made of made of molded plastic and that a compartment 1 (to which the pump is fixed) which includes a pump support 6 is integrally molded thereto (see column 3, lines 37+). The compartment shown in Figure 1 is held to the bottom wall and is clearly "integrally molded" with it. See case law above. Note resilient fingers 3a (see column 3, lines 3+) fasten the compartment to the tank bottom, rigidly secure it and "... hence are integral in functional sense.". With regard to claim 9, note the elastic engagement pieces discussed in column 4, lines 52+. With regard to claim 14-16 note the snap fit elements 4a and 5a. With regard to applicants' amendment to claims 1 to change integral to "one-piece" and arguments thereto, note the recitation of "integral" (previously recited)(now restricted as one-piece) is not necessarily limited to a one-piece article, fastening of the compartment of Shibao can be read as integral and thus can be read as one-piece as recited in claim 1. Further, in view of amendments to claim 1 deleting the recitation of a "... compartment integrally molded with a bottom wall of one of said portions..." (i.e., a fuel tank) "... formed by two tank portions...", the fuel tank of Shibao is defined by an top portion and a bottom portion. The compartment upon which the support is integrally molded is integrally molded to the bottom portion of the fuel tank and is one-piece. The bottom portion upon which a pump compartment is secured (i.e., integrally molded compartment has now been deleted by this amendment) is closed by the top portion of the fuel tank and would entirely "...locate the pump within the shell...defining the fuel tank. Applicant argues that the pump 7 of Shibao is not "...located entirely within the shell...", however, applicants have redefined the invention by deleting the previously cited integrally molded compartment recitation. As discussed above the pump 7

Application/Control Number: 09/843,809 Page 4

Art Unit: 3753

would be inside a fuel tank define by two portions and is entirely within the shell defined by the two portions. The compartment as is standard in fuel tank design is molded to the bottom of the tank and is at "...the low point...". The inlet of the pump 7 would allow the fuel to drop into the compartment 6.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 6. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham v. John Deere Co., 148 USPQ 459*, that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
  - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
  - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
    - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
  - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or unobviousness.

Page 5

7. Claims 27-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shibao. Elements recited in claims 29 and 30 are common elements of a standard fuel system "pump assembly" and the "generic pump" 7 could include such elements. Such elements are not factors in the assembly of the molded tank. With regard to applicants' amendment to claims 27 to change integral to "one-piece" and arguments thereto note integral (previously recited)(now recited as one-piece) is not necessarily limited to a one-piece article, fastening of the compartment of Shibao can be read as integral and thus can be read as one-piece as recited in claim 27. See discussion of tanks portions defining the fuel tank and the pump being entirely within the shell above. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to assemble the molded tank of Shibao by the recited method steps.

#### Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. See the patent to Minagawa et al in which a fuel system, including a "resiliently mounted pump", regulator, a fuel gauge 140 (outside lower housing 126), filter 124 and a check valve (in outlet pipe 132), is shown.

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO Art Unit: 3753

MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to A. Michael Chambers whose telephone number is 703-308-1016. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thur. 6:30am-5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Dave Scherbel can be reached on 703-308-1272. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

A. Michael Chambers Primary Examiner Art Unit 3753